

RNA ACTIVATION OF CEBPA REDUCES PROLIFERATIVE CAPACITY OF **ACUTE MYELOID LEUKEMIC CELLS IN PRECLINICAL MODELS**

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MTL-CEBPA upregulates **CEBPA** mRNA and C/EBP α expression in leukemic cells both *in vitro* and *in vivo*

MTL-CEBPA enhances the anti-proliferative effects of tyrosine kinase inhibitor Gilteritinib in both *in vitro* and *in* vivo AML models





Data expressed as % of Cy3+ cells. Error bars shown as SD. One-way ANOVA with Holm-Sidak Multiple Comparison Test; ****p<0.0001; n=3.

THP-1

MOLM14

KG1a

Cell lines

Small activating RNAs (saRNAs) increase mRNA expression above endogenous levels by binding to the gene's promoter region.

They transcription recruit factors induce and epigenetic changes, resulting in sustained gene upregulation.



Characterize the uptake of MTL-CEBPA in AML cells



Validate MTL-CEBPA-induced CEBPA upregulation in AML cells

CEBPA mRNA and C/EBP α upregulation in AML cell line THP-1



One-way ANOVA with Holm-Sidak Multiple Comparison Test; *p<0.05;**p<0.01; n=3. Error bars shown as SEM.

MTL-CEBPA upregulates CEBPA in MOLM14xenograft mice



MTL-CEBPA pre-treatment sensitizes MOLM14 cells to Gilteritinib









Bioluminescent images of mice harboring MOLM14-luciferase cells. Higher bioluminescence = higher leukemic burden.

HIGHLIGHTS & FUTURE DIRECTIONS

NOV340 liposomal nanoparticles **effectively deliver** fluorescently-labelled RNA to leukemic cells, both in vitro (AML cell lines) and in vivo (PDX mouse model).





MTL-CEBPA improves Gilteritinib's anti-leukemic activity and reduces leukemic cell growth in MOLM14-xenograft mouse model.

Next steps Differentiation assays **I**MTL-CEBPA therapeutic effect in PDX model **Establish** synergy between MTL-CEBPA & Gilteritinib

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References

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